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WE CLAIM:

- 1. A device comprising a substrate having a plurality of molecular moieties attached to a surface thereof and containing machine-readable information relating to the molecular moieties, wherein the information is contained in a discrete region of the substrate that is non-coplanar with respect to the substrate surface having the plurality of molecular moieties attached thereto.
- 2. The device of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable information comprises the identity of a customer.
 - 3. The device of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable information comprises secured information.
 - 4. The device of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable information comprises shipping and/or billing information.
 - 5. The device of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable information comprises the identity of at least one of the molecular moieties attached to the device surface.
 - 6. The device of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable information comprises information relating to a process by which the plurality of molecular moieties is attached to the substrate surface.
 - 7. The device of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable information comprises information relating to experimental conditions associated with a use of the plurality of molecular moieties.

8. The device of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable information comprises information relating to the results of an experiment associated with a use of the plurality of molecular moieties.

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- 9. The device of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable information is digital.
- 10. The device of claim 9, wherein the machine-readable information is represented by no less than about 1 kilobyte of data.

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- 11. The device of claim 10, wherein the machine-readable information is represented by no less than about 1 megabyte of data.
- 12. The device of claim 11, wherein the machine-readable information is represented by about 1 to about 650 megabytes of data.
 - 13. The device of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable information is optically readable.
- 14. The device of claim 13, wherein the machine-readable information is readable by a fluorescence reader.
 - 15. The device of claim 13, wherein the machine-readable information is readable by a phosphoimager (i.e. can detect radioactive signal produced on sensitive film).
 - 16. The device of claim 13, wherein the machine-readable information is readable by a compact disk reader.

- 17. The device of claim 13, wherein the machine-readable information is readable by a DVD reader.
- 5 18. The device of claim 13, wherein the machine-readable information is readable by a bar code reader.
 - 19. The device of claim 18, wherein the bar code reader is a one-dimensional bar code reader.
 - 20. The device of claim 18, wherein the bar code reader is a two-dimensional bar code reader.
 - 21. The device of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable information is magnetically readable.
 - 22. The device of claim 1, wherein the machine-readable information is electronically readable.
- 20 23. The device of claim 1, further comprising human readable information.
 - 24. The device of claim 1, wherein the attached molecular moieties are protected.
- 25. The device of claim 24, further comprising a protective layer over the attached molecular moieties.
 - 26. The device of claim 25, wherein the protective layer is removable.

- 27. The device of claim 25, wherein the protective layer allows only selected matter to be transmitted therethrough.
- 28. The device of claim 27, wherein the selected matter is electromagnetic radiation.
 - 29. The device of claim 28, wherein the electromagnetic radiation has a wavelength that causes fluorescence near an attached molecular moiety.
- 30. The device of claim 1, wherein the plurality of attached molecular moieties comprises an array of biomolecules.
 - 31. The device of claim 30, wherein the biomolecules are nucleotidic or peptidic.
 - 32. The device of claim 30, wherein the biomolecules are oligomeric or polymeric.
 - 33 The device of claim 30, wherein the array comprises at least about 5,000 molecular moieties per square centimeter of substrate surface.
 - 34. The device of claim 33, wherein the array comprises at least about 50,000 molecular moieties per square centimeter of substrate surface.
- 35. The device of claim 34, wherein the array comprises at least about 200,000
 molecular moieties per square centimeter of substrate surface.
 - 36. The device of claim 35, wherein the array comprises at least about 1,000,000 molecular moieties per square centimeters of substrate surface.

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- 37. The device of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a disk.
- 38. The device of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a tape.
- 39. The device of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a well plate.
- 40. The device of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a slide.
- 41. The device of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a plurality of surfaces arranged in a three-dimensional structure to which the molecular moieties are attached
- 42. The device of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a magnetic medium on which additional information may be written.
- 43. The device of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises an optical medium on which additional information may be written.
- 44. The device of claim 1, wherein the surface having the molecular moieties attached thereto opposes a surface on which the information is located.
 - 45. A device comprising a substrate having a surface adapted for attachment to a plurality of molecular moieties and containing machine-readable information relating to the molecular moieties.
 - 46. The device of claim 45, wherein the machine-readable information is located on a surface of the substrate that is non-coplanar with respect to the surface adapted for attachment to a plurality of molecular moieties.

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- 47. The device of claim 45, wherein attachment of molecular moieties to the surface is detectable through a signal having the same form as the machine-readable information.
 - 48. The device of claim 47, wherein the signal form is fluorescence.
 - 49. The device of claim 47, wherein the signal form is radioactivitiy.
- 50. The device of claim 46, wherein the non-coplanar surface opposes the surface adapted for attachment to a plurality of molecular moieties.
 - 51. A machine for attaching molecular moieties to a device comprising a substrate having a surface adapted for attachment to a plurality of molecular moieties and containing machine-readable information relating to the molecular moieties, comprising: a reader for reading the machine-readable information from the device; and a means for attaching a plurality of biomolecules to the surface of the substrate based upon the machine readable information contained in the substrate.
 - 52. The machine of claim 51, further comprising a means for verifying attachment of the biomolecules to the surface of the substrate.
 - 53. The machine of claim 52, wherein the means for verifying attachment of the biomolecules is the reader for reading the machine-readable information.
 - 54. The machine of claim 53, wherein the reader is adapted to detect fluorescence.

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- 55. The machine of claim 53, wherein the reader is adapted to detect phosphorescence.
- 56. The machine of claim 51, wherein the attaching means comprises:

 a reservoir adapted to contain a fluid;
 an acoustic radiation generator for generating acoustic radiation; and
 a focusing means for focusing the acoustic radiation at a focal point near the fluid surface in the reservoir.
 - 57. The machine of claim 51, further comprising a means for altering the machine-readable information in the substrate.
 - 58. A machine for performing an experiment using a device comprising a substrate having a plurality of molecular moieties attached to a surface thereof and containing machine-readable information relating to the molecular moieties, wherein the information is contained in a discrete region of the substrate that is non-coplanar with respect to the substrate surface having the plurality of molecular moieties attached thereto, comprising:

a reader for reading the machine-readable information contained in the device; and

a means for applying a substance that induces a response by the molecular moieties.

- 59. The machine of claim 58, further comprising a means for measuring the response.
 - 60. The machine of claim 59, wherein the means for measuring the response is the reader for reading the machine-readable information.

- 61. The machine of claim 60, wherein the response is fluorescence.
- 62. The machine of claim 60, wherein the response is phosphorescence.
- 63. The machine of claim 58, further comprising a means for altering the machine-readable information in the substrate.
- 64. A method for attaching a plurality of molecular moieties to a surface of a substrate, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) providing the device of claim 45;
 - (b) using a machine to read the information from the substrate;
 - (c) attaching a plurality of molecular moieties to a surface of the substrate according to the information read by the machine.
 - 65. The method of claim 64, wherein step (b) comprises the step of moving the substrate with respect to the machine.
- 66. The method of claim 65, wherein step (b) comprises determining the position and/or orientation of the substrate with respect to the machine.
 - 67. The method of claim 65, wherein the moving step involves rotating the substrate.
- 25 68. The method of claim 65, wherein the moving step involves laterally moving the substrate.

- 69. The method of claim 65, wherein step (b) comprises the step of converting the information contained in the substrate into electric current.
- 70. The method of claim 65, wherein step (b) comprises the step of converting the information contained in the substrate into light waves.
 - 71. The method of claim 65, wherein step (c) comprises the step of ejecting fluid droplets on the surface.
- 72. The method of claim 71, wherein the ejecting step is carried out acoustically.
 - 73. The method of claim 72, wherein the ejecting step is carried out without using a nozzle.
 - 74. The method of claim 64, wherein step (c) comprises attaching no more than one biomolecule at a time.
 - 75. The method of claim 64, wherein step (c) comprises using a photolithographic technique.
 - 76. The method of claim 64, wherein step (c) comprises covalently attaching the molecular moieties to the substrate surface.
- 77. The method of claim 64, wherein step (c) comprises noncovalently attaching the molecular moieties to the substrate surface.
 - 78. The method of claim 64, wherein step (c) is performed by the machine that reads information from the substrate.

- 79. The method of claim 64, wherein step (c) comprises lowering the temperature of the substrate.
- 5 80. The method of claim 64, wherein steps (b) and (c) are performed substantially simultaneously.
 - 81. The method of claim 64, wherein steps (b) and (c) are alternatingly repeated.
- 82. A method for performing an experiment using a plurality of molecular moieties attached to a surface of a substrate, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) providing a device of claim 1;
 - (b) using a machine to read the information from the substrate;
 - (c) applying a substance that induces a response from the molecular moieties based upon the information read by the machine.
 - 83. The method of claim 82, wherein step (b) comprises the step of moving the substrate with respect to the machine.
- 20 84. The method of claim 83, wherein the moving step involves rotating the substrate.
 - 85. The method of claim 83, wherein the moving step involves laterally moving the substrate.
 - 86. The method of claim 82, wherein step (b) comprises the step of converting the information contained in the substrate into electric current.

- 87. The method of claim 82, wherein step (b) comprises the step of converting the information contained in the substrate into light waves.
- 88. The method of claim 82, wherein step (c) is performed by the machine that reads information from the substrate.
 - 89. The method of claim 82, further comprising step (d) detecting the response.
- 90. The method of claim 89, further comprising step (e) writing information relating to the response on the substrate.

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